

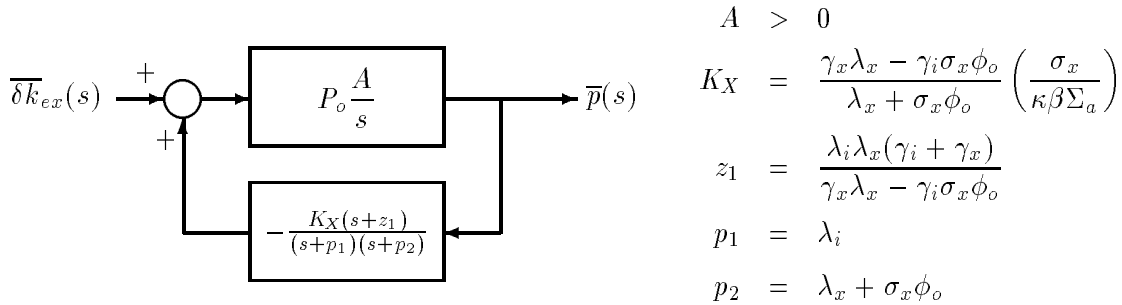
NE-696: NUCLEAR SYSTEMS DESIGN

Final Examination

May 13, 1997

Open books and Notes

The system diagram for a linearized point reactor *without* any temperature feedback but *with* xenon feedback can be drawn as follows.



1. Sketch how K_X , z_1 , p_1 , and p_2 vary with ϕ_o . [5 points]
2. Show that the reactor zero power transfer function can be written as $P_o Z(s) \simeq A/s$ for the low frequencies of concern with xenon instabilities. Give an explicit expression for the constant A . [10 points]
3. Show that the characteristic equation for the closed-loop transfer function has the form

$$s^3 + a_1 s^2 + a_2 s + a_3 = 0.$$

Give explicit expressions for the coefficients a_i . [10 points]

4. Construct the Routh array for this system and determine from it the stability of the closed-loop system. Consider the case $\phi_o < (\phi_o)_{crit}$ and the case $\phi_o > (\phi_o)_{crit}$. Here $(\phi_o)_{crit} \equiv (\gamma_x \lambda_x) / (\gamma_i \sigma_x)$. [15 points]
5. Write an expression for the open-loop transfer function, and sketch the root locus diagrams for the case $\phi_o < (\phi_o)_{crit}$ and for the case $\phi_o > (\phi_o)_{crit}$. What can you say about the stability of the system for these two cases? [15 points]
6. Sketch the Bode gain and phase plots for the open-loop transfer function for the case $\phi_o < (\phi_o)_{crit}$ and for the case $\phi_o > (\phi_o)_{crit}$. [15 points]
7. Draw the Nyquist diagram for this reactor feedback system for the case $\phi_o < (\phi_o)_{crit}$ and for the case $\phi_o > (\phi_o)_{crit}$. What can you say about the stability of each case? Remember to use negative feedback. [15 points]
8. For the cases when the system is unstable, derive an expression for the frequency ω_o of the unstable power fluctuations. In terms of this frequency, under what conditions is the system unstable? [15 points]